according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 - DE



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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : WOLFRACOAT C Spray

Article-No. : 081150

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Lubricant spray

stance/Mixture

Recommended restrictions

on use

Restricted to professional users.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Klüber Lubrication München

Geisenhausenerstr. 7 81379 München Deutschland

Tel: +49 (0) 89 7876 0 Fax: +49 (0) 89 7876 333 info@klueber.com

E-mail address of person : mcm@klueber.com

responsible for the SDS Material Compliance Management

National contact : Klüber Lubrication Deutschland

Geisenhausenerstraße 7

81379 München Deutschland Tel.: +49 89 7876 0 Fax: +49 89 7876 565

customer.service.de@klueber.com

www.klueber.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone

number

+49 89 7876 700 (24 hrs)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Aerosols, Category 1 H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

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Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous

system

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-

ways.

Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 2 H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-

ways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other

ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to

temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

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Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Propellant

solvent (hydrocarbons) Synthetic hydrocarbon oil

silicate solid lubricant

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration	Concentration
	EC-No.		limits	(% w/w)
			M-Factor	
	Index-No.		Notes	
	Registration number			
Naphtha (petroleum),	64742-49-0	Flam. Liq.2; H225		>= 10 - < 20
hydrotreated light;	265-151-9	Skin Irrit.2; H315		
Low boiling point hy-		STOT SE3; H336	Note P	
drogen treated naph-	649-328-00-1	Asp. Tox.1; H304		
tha	01-2119475514-35-	Aquatic Chronic2;		
	XXXX	H411		
Naphtha (petroleum),	64742-49-0	Flam. Liq.2; H225		>= 2,5 - < 10
hydrotreated light;	265-151-9	Skin Irrit.2; H315		
Low boiling point hy-		STOT SE3; H336	Note H, Note P	
drogen treated naph-	649-328-00-1	Asp. Tox.1; H304		
tha	01-2119484651-34-	Aquatic Chronic2;		
	XXXX	H411		
cyclohexane	110-82-7	Flam. Liq.2; H225		>= 2,5 - < 10
	203-806-2	Skin Irrit.2; H315	M-Factor: 1/1	
		STOT SE3; H336		
	601-017-00-1	Asp. Tox.1; H304		
		Aquatic Acute1;		
		H400		
		Aquatic Chronic1;		
		H410		
copper flakes (coated	7440-50-8	Acute Tox.4; H302		>= 1 - < 2,5
with aliphatic acid)	231-159-6	Aquatic Acute1;	M-Factor: 10/1	
		H400		
	029-019-01-X	Aquatic Chronic2;		
	01-2119480154-42-	H411		
	XXXX			
n-hexane	110-54-3	Flam. Liq.2; H225	>= 5 %	>= 1 - < 2,5

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	203-777-6 601-037-00-0	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Repr.2; H361f STOT SE3; H336 STOT RE2; H373 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	STOT RE2, H373	
Amines, N-tallow al- kyltrimethylenedi-, oleates	61791-53-5 263-186-4	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 STOT RE2; H373 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	M-Factor: 10/1	>= 0,1 - < 0,25
Substances with a wor	kplace exposure limit :		•	
isobutane	75-28-5 200-857-2 601-004-00-0 01-2119485395-27- XXXX	Flam. Gas1; H220 Press. GasCompr. Gas; H280	Note U (table 3.1), Note C	>= 30 - < 50
propane	74-98-6 200-827-9 601-003-00-5 01-2119486944-21- XXXX	Flam. Gas1; H220 Press. GasCompr. Gas; H280		>= 1 - < 10
butane	106-97-8 203-448-7 601-004-00-0 01-2119474691-32- XXXX	Flam. Gas1; H220 Press. GasCompr. Gas; H280		>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If inhaled : Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get

medical attention.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

Keep respiratory tract clear.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respira-

tion.



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In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while

removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and

persists.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 10 minutes.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Move the victim to fresh air.

If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention.

Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause

damage.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:

Unconsciousness

Dizziness Drowsiness Headache Nausea Tiredness

Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Erythema

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

Risks : Central nervous system depression

Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion.

Health injuries may be delayed.

Causes skin irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : ABC powder

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet



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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Fire may cause evolution of:

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Fire Hazard

Do not let product enter drains.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. In the case of respirable dust and/or fumes, use self-contained breathing apparatus. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

Further information Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains. Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

> Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible ab-Methods for cleaning up

> sorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).



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Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Non-sparking tools should be used.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after

handling the product.

Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not ingest.

Do not use sparking tools.

These safety instructions also apply to empty packaging which

may still contain product residues.

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn,

even after use.

Hygiene measures : Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun exposure and temperatures over 50 °C. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or red-hot objects. Store in accordance with the particular na-

tional regulations.

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 2B, Aerosol cans and lighters

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Consult the technical guidelines for the use of this sub-

stance/mixture.



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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parameters	Basis
isobutane	75-28-5	of exposure) AGW	1.000 ppm 2.400 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2006-01-01)
Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)	4;(II)			
Further information		ission for the review (MAK-commission).	of compounds at the work p	lace dangerous
Naphtha (petro- leum), hydro- treated light; Low boiling point hy- drogen treated naphtha	64742-49-0	AGW	1.500 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2009-02-16)
Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)	2;(II)			
Further information			bon solvent mixtures, Comm 2.9 of the TRGS 900	ission for dan-
		AGW	600 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2009-02-16)
Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)	2;(II)			
Further information			oon solvent mixtures, Comm 2.9 of the TRGS 900	ission for dan-
propane	74-98-6	AGW	1.000 ppm 1.800 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2006-01-01)
Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)	4;(II)			,
Further information		ission for the review (MAK-commission).	of compounds at the work p	lace dangerous
Naphtha (petro- leum), hydro- treated light; Low boiling point hy- drogen treated naphtha	64742-49-0	AGW	1.500 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2009-02-16)
Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)	2;(II)			

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Further information	Group exposure limit for hydrocarbon solvent mixtures, Commission for dangerous substances, See also No. 2.9 of the TRGS 900			
		AGW	600 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2009-02-16)
Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)	2;(II)			
Further information			bon solvent mixtures, Comm 2.9 of the TRGS 900	ission for dan-
cyclohexane	110-82-7	TWA	200 ppm 700 mg/m3	2006/15/EC (2006-02-09)
Further information	Indicative		-	
		AGW	200 ppm 700 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2010-08-04)
Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)	4;(II)			
Further information	for the health	(MAK-commission)	v of compounds at the work p ., European Union (The EU h and peak limit are possible)	
butane	106-97-8	AGW	1.000 ppm 2.400 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2006-01-01)
Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)	4;(II)			
Further information		nission for the review (MAK-commission)	v of compounds at the work p	lace dangerous
n-hexane	110-54-3	TWA	20 ppm 72 mg/m3	2006/15/EC (2006-02-09)
Further information	Indicative	T		T = = = = = =
		AGW	50 ppm 180 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2010-08-04)
Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)	8;(II)			
Further information	Senate commission for the review of compounds at the work place dangerous for the health (MAK-commission)., European Union (The EU has established a limit value: deviations in value and peak limit are possible), When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
cyclohexane	110-82-7	1,2- cyclohexanediol: 150 mg/g Creati-	Immediately after exposure or after working hours, In	TRGS 903
		nine (Urine)	case of long-term exposure: after	



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			more than one shift	
n-hexane	110-54-3	2,5-hexanedione plus 4,5-dihydroxy- 2-hexanone: 5 mg/l (Urine)	Immediately after exposure or after working hours	TRGS 903

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hy- drogen treated naph- tha	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	773 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2035 mg/m3
Benzene, mono-C10- 13-alkyl derivs., distn. residues	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3,2 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	4,3 mg/kg bw/day
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hy- drogen treated naph- tha	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	13964 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5306 mg/m3
cyclohexane	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	2016 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	700 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	700 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Short-term exposure	1400 mg/m3
copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	20 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	137 mg/kg
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic ef- fects	237 mg/kg
n-hexane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	75 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
Amines, N-tallow al- kyltrimethylenedi-, oleates	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	0,04 mg/kg

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Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0,29 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Benzene, mono-C10-13-alkyl	Fresh water	0,001 mg/l
derivs., distn. residues		
	Intermittent use/release	0,001 mg/l
	Marine water	0 mg/l
	Microbiological Activity in Sewage Treat-	2 mg/l
	ment Systems	
	Fresh water sediment	1,65 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,165 mg/kg
	Soil	0,329 mg/kg
cyclohexane	Fresh water	0,207 mg/l
	Marine sediment	0,207 mg/l
	Microbiological Activity in Sewage Treat-	3,24 mg/l
	ment Systems	
	Fresh water sediment	16,68 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	16,68 mg/kg
	Soil	3,38 mg/kg
copper flakes (coated with ali-	Fresh water	0,0078 mg/l
phatic acid)		
	Marine water	0,0052 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	0,230 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	676 mg/kg
	Soil	65 mg/kg
Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethyle-	Fresh water	0,00638 mg/l
nedi-, oleates		
	Marine water	0,000638 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0,00509 mg/l
	Microbiological Activity in Sewage Treat-	98,6 mg/l
	ment Systems	
	Fresh water sediment	204 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	20,4 mg/kg
	Soil	9,93 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation. Handle only in a place equipped with local exhaust (or other appropriate exhaust).

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166



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Hand protection

Material : Nitrile rubber Protective index : Class 1

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. The selected protective gloves have

to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it. The break through time depends amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for

each case.

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Short term only

Filter type : Filter type A-P

Protective measures : The type of protective equipment must be selected according

to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance

at the specific workplace.

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : aerosol

Colour : grey

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

Values refer to the propellant:

pH : No data available

Melting point/range : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : < 10 °C

(1.013 hPa)

Flash point : -60 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : No data available

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Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Upper explosion limit : 11,2 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 1,5 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 2.700 hPa (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

Density : 0,61 g/cm3

(20 °C)

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : < 0,1 g/l insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : > 350 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : No data available

9.2 Other information

Sublimation point : No data available

Self-ignition : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.



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10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Remarks: Effects due to ingestion may include:

Symptoms: Central nervous system depression

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Respiration of solvent vapour may cause dizziness.

Symptoms: Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:, Respiratory disorder, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Fati-

que, Vertigo, Central nervous system depression

Acute dermal toxicity : Symptoms: Redness, Local irritation

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.840 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,8 g/kg



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Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 16.750 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 259 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,35 g/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

cyclohexane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 32,88 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 500,0 mg/kg

Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

LD50 (Rat): 482 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5,11 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity



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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 259,35 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3.350 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

isobutane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

butane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Irritating to skin.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: Irritating to skin.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: Irritating to skin.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Species: Rabbit

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 - DE



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Assessment: Irritating to skin. Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: Irritating to skin.

cyclohexane:

Assessment: Irritating to skin. Result: Irritating to skin.

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: No skin irritation Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

GLP: yes

n-hexane:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: Irritating to skin. Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: Irritating to skin.

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: Irritating to skin. Result: Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: No eye irritation Result: No eye irritation

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: No eye irritation Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Result: No eye irritation

cyclohexane:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: No eye irritation



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Result: No eye irritation

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: No eye irritation Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Result: No eye irritation

GLP: yes

n-hexane:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: No eye irritation Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Result: No eye irritation

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: Irritating to eyes. Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Result: Irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: This information is not available.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Test Type: Maximisation Test Exposure routes: Dermal Species: Guinea pig

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Species: Mouse

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

cyclohexane:

Test Type: Buehler Test Exposure routes: Dermal Species: Guinea pig

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Assessment: Causes skin irritation.

Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Test Type: Maximisation Test

Species: Guinea pig

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

GLP: yes

n-hexane:

Species: Mouse

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation. Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation. Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: No data available

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No data available

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Species: Rodent cell line

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

cyclohexane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Species: mouse lymphoma cells Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian bone marrow sister chromatid ex-

change Species: Rat



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Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show

mutagenic effects.

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show

mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: No data available

Components:

cyclohexane:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Carcinogenicity classification not possible from current data.

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: No data available

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Remarks: No data available

Components:

cyclohexane:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Animal testing did not show any effects on foetal develop-

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ment.

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Reproductive toxicity - As- : No toxicity to reproduction sessment : No toxicity to reproduction

n-hexane:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Suspected human reproductive toxicant

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Reproductive toxicity - As- : No toxicity to reproduction sessment : No toxicity to reproduction

STOT - single exposure

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness., The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

cyclohexane:

Exposure routes: inhalation (vapour)
Target Organs: Central nervous system

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

n-hexane:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single ex-

posure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.



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STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Exposure routes: inhalation (vapour)

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 1 mg/l/6h/d or

less.

cyclohexane:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

n-hexane:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated

exposure, category 2.

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Exposure routes: Ingestion

Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Remarks: This information is not available.

Components:

cyclohexane:

Repeated dose toxicity - : Causes skin irritation.

Assessment Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:



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May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

cyclohexane:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

No aspiration toxicity classification

n-hexane:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Ingestion causes irritation of upper respiratory system and gastrointestinal disturbance.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms :

Remarks: No data available

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 22 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae : EbC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 26

mg/

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Toxicity to daphnia and other : 2,6 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

cyclohexane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 4,53 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EbC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 3,428

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Cell multiplication inhibition test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

1

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,094 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,0338 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 37,6

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxic-:

ity)

NOEC: 0,021 mg/l Exposure time: 27 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic :

toxicity)

1

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

n-hexane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 12,51 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 21,85 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 9,285

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0,1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0,1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.01

- 0,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

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M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

10

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EC10: > 0,1 - 1 mg/lExposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: Reproduction Test Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability Remarks: No data available

Physico-chemical removabili- : Remarks: No data available

ty

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha:

Biodegradability Test Type: Primary biodegradation

> Concentration: 100 mg/l Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 98 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

cyclohexane:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Biodegradability Remarks: The methods for determining biodegradability are

not applicable to inorganic substances.

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n-hexane:

Biodegradability Test Type: aerobic

> Inoculum: activated sludge Result: rapidly biodegradable Biodegradation: 21 % Exposure time: 28 d

GLP: yes

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Biodegradability Result: rapidly biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation Remarks: This mixture contains no substance considered to

be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

This mixture contains no substance considered to be very

persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Components:

cyclohexane:

Bioaccumulation Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 167

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3,44 (20 °C)

n-hexane:

Bioaccumulation Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 501,19

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4 (20 °C)

pH: 7

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Bioaccumulation Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

isobutane:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 2,88

octanol/water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

propane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2,36

butane:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 2,89

octanol/water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

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12.4 Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility : Remarks: No data available

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

Components:

copper flakes (coated with aliphatic acid):

Assessment : Remarks: Not applicable

Amines, N-tallow alkyltrimethylenedi-, oleates:

Assessment : Non-classified PBT substance, Non-classified vPvB sub-

stance.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological informa: :

tion

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used.

Contaminated packaging : Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as

the unused product.

Offer empty spray cans to an established disposal company. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.



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The following Waste Codes are only suggestions:

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 1950 IMDG : UN 1950 IATA : UN 1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : AEROSOLS IMDG : AEROSOLS

(Tallow aminoleate)

IATA : Aerosols, flammable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : 2 IMDG : 2.1 IATA : 2.1

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 5F Labels : 2.1 Tunnel restriction code : (D)

IMDG

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1

EmS Code : F-D, S-U

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 203

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y203

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Flammable Gas

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen: 203

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y203

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Flammable Gas

14.5 Environmental hazards



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ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

No special precautions required.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High : This product does not contain sub-

stances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH),

Article 57).

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that dep- : Not applicable

lete the ozone layer

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pol- : Not applicable

lutants

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parlia: Not applicable

ment and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on : Not applicable

the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

preparations and articles (Annex XVII)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Quantity 1 Quantity 2
P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS 150 t 500 t

E1 ENVIRONMENTAL 100 t 200 t

HAZARDS



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P2

34 Petroleum products: (a) 2.500 t 25.000 t

gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams),(d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d)

E1

Water contaminating class

(Germany)

WGK 3 highly water endangering

Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

TA Luft List (Germany) : Total dust:

others: 5,15 %

Inorganic substances in powdered form:

portion Class 3: 1,92 %

Inorganic substances in vapour or gaseous form:

Not applicable Organic Substances: portion Class 1: 1,18 % others: 91,71 %

Carcinogenic substances: portion Class 3: 0,05 %

Mutagenic: others: 0,05 %

Toxic to reproduction:

Not applicable

Volatile organic compounds : Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial

emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 75,97 %

Remarks: VOC content excluding water

Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 - DE



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regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This information is not available.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H220 : Extremely flammable gas.

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f : Suspected of damaging fertility.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Route of exposure cannot be excluded: For certain hazard classes, e.g. STOT, the route of exposure should be indicated in the hazard statement only if it is conclusively proven that no other route of exposure can cause the hazard in accordance to the criteria in Annex I. Under Directive 67/548/EEC the route of exposure was indicated for classifications with R48 when there was data justifying the classification for this route of exposure. The classification under 67/548/EEC indicating the route of exposure has been translated into the corresponding class and category according to this Regulation, but with a general hazard statement not specifying the route of exposure as the necessary information is not available.

Hazard statements for reproductive toxicity: Hazard statements H360 and H361 indicate a general concern for effects on fertility and/or development: 'May damage/Suspected of

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damaging fertility or the unborn child'. According to the criteria, the general hazard statement can be replaced by the hazard statement indicating the specific effect of concern in accordance with Section 1.1.2.1.2. When the other differentiation is not mentioned, this is due to evidence proving no such effect, inconclusive data or no data and the obligations in Article 4(3) shall apply for that differentiation. In order not to lose information from the harmonised classifications for fertility and developmental effects under Directive 67/548/EEC, the classifications have been translated only for those effects classified under that Directive

Note C : Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specif-

ic isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the sub-

stance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.

Note H : The classification and labelling shown for this substance ap-

plies to the hazardous property(ies) indicated by the hazard statement(s) in combination with the hazard class(es) and category(ies) shown. The requirements of Article 4 for manufacturers, importers or downstream users of this substance apply to all other hazard classes and categories. For hazard classes where the route of exposure or the nature of the effects leads to a differentiation of the classification of the hazard class, the manufacturer, importer or downstream user is required to consider the routes of exposure or the nature of the effects not already considered. The final label shall follow the requirements of Article 17 and of section 1.2 of Annex I.

Note P : The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply

if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (Einecs No 200-753-7). When the substance is not classified as a carcinogen at least the precautionary statements (P102-)P260- P262-P301 + P310-P331 shall apply. This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived sub-

stances in Part 3.

Note U (table 3.1) : When put on the market gases have to be classified as "Gas-

es under pressure", in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is pack-

aged and therefore has to be assigned case by case.

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentra-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 - DE



WOLFRACOAT C Spray

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tion; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified: NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the m	nixture:	Classification procedure:
Aerosol 1	H222, H229	Based on product data or assessment
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	Calculation method

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